



# *Verb Patterns*



# Five basic sentence pattern

- The leaf will turn yellow in autumn. **SVP**
- This trend began during the Second World War. **SV**
- The emphasis helped to obscure the great importance. **SVO**
- He showed the guard his passport. **SVoO**
- A hedge between keeps friendship green.

**SVOC**





- Two men were standing at a bar. One man turned to the other and said, "I'll bet you 100\$ that I can bite my left eye." The wager (赌注) was accepted, and the man popped out his glass eye and bit it.
- "Now," he said, "I'll give you a chance to win your money back. I'll bet you another 100\$ that I can bite my right eye." "He can't have two glass eyes," thought the other man, and he plucked (重重甩下) down his money. Then the first man took out his false teeth and bit the right eye.





# Verb patterns

实义动词 **Notional verb** (meaningful & predicate)

助动词 **Auxiliary verb** (meaningless & dependent) **Be, do, have** 帮助构成各种时态、语态、语气、否定和疑问

情态助动词 **Modal verb** (meaningful & dependent)

Can/could, may/might, shall/should, will/ would, must/had better, be able to=can, be going to=will, ought to/ be supposed to, have to/ have got to





# Mood

- 语气是谓语动词的一种变化形式，用来表示说话人的意图和状态。
- Indicative mood 陈述语气
- Imperative mood 祈使语气
- Subjunctive mood 虚拟语气
- **Question**: what are the forms and meaning of subjunctive mood?





# Subjunctive Mood

- 1. Unreal Condition: 非真实条件句 (虚拟条件句)表示与事实相反或假想的情形。
- 2. Noun Clause: 表示命令、建议或要求等语气的句子。





# Subjunctive Mood

- 虚拟条件句—两类三态
- 混合虚拟
- 倒装虚拟
- 跳层虚拟
- 名词从句虚拟
- 各种虚拟句型
- Homework



# 虚拟条件句——两类三态

- **假设条件句**(hypothetical): 表说话人的一种主观愿望或态度等, 实现的可能性不大或极小。
  - E.g. If I **had** time now, I **would** help him.
- **事实相反句**(counterfactual): 与现在或过去某个事实相反的情形。
  - E.g. If I **were** you, I **would** help him.





# 谓语变化

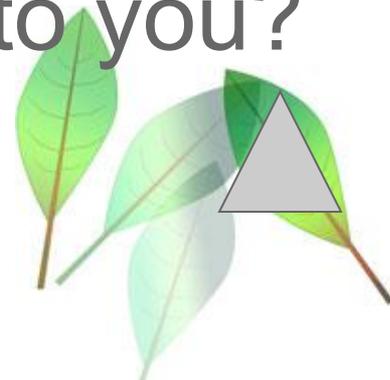
- 1. 将来虚拟: 主: Would /could/ might do+  
从: were to do /should do
- 2. 现在虚拟: 主: Would /could/ might do+  
从: did / were
- 3. 过去虚拟: 主: Would /could/ might + have doe+  
从: had done / had been





# 将来虚拟-假设条件句

- 1. If I **were to** live my life again, I **would** have you as my wife.
- 2. What do you think **would** be the value of the necklace, if I **were to** sell it?
- 比较: What do you think **would** be the value of the necklace, if I **sell** it to you?





# 现在虚拟

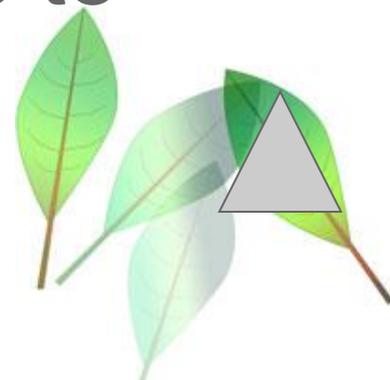
- **假设条件**: e.g. If we **could** shrink the earth's population to a village of precisely 100 people, it **would** look something like this:
- 52 **would** be female, and 48 **would** be male.
- 89 **would** be heterosexual, and 11 homosexual
- 22 **would** speak Chinese, 9 would speak





# 现在虚拟

- **事实相反句**: It is not the lack of love that makes unhappy marriages, it is the lack of friendship. My advice to all man is “Choose in marriage a woman that you **would** choose as a friend if she **were** a man.” This applies to women in the same way.



# 过去虚拟—与事实相反

- **Try to identify subjunctive mood here.**
- Beckham: I grew up in the love of a family. Without Mom and Dad, none of my story would be here for the telling. Like any son, I wouldn't have grown up into the person I am, if they hadn't passed their values to me. Marriage and parenthood are the two most important things any of us would ever take on in our lives.





# Practice

- 1. **Man**: I haven't seen George all day.
- **Woman**: Have you checked the lab? I wouldn't be surprised if he slept there.
- **Q**: what does the woman imply about George?
- **A**: He is probably still asleep in the lab.
- **B**: He spends a lot of time in the lab.
- **C**: She has no idea where he is.





# Error Correction

- If I am the president of a university I will establish a compulsory course in “How to use your eyes”. The professor tries to show his pupils how they could add joy to their lives by really seeing what passes unnoticed before them. He also tries to awake their dormant and sluggish faculties. --- *three days to see*





# Practice

- 1. A: the subway sure is packed this morning.
- B: Yeah. It is a pain that if we all (      drive) everyday we (      not be) able to breath in this city.
- 2. It would have been just as satisfactory if I (      stay) at home. I learned nothing in the class.
- 3. If you (      contact) Jerry until





# 混合虚拟语气

- 1. 当主从句动作发生的**时间不一致**时，主句和从句的**谓语形式**要根据它们各自动作的发生时间做适当的调整。
- 2. 主句现在+从句过去: 主句表示与**现在事实相反**的一个假设，从句表示与**过去事实相反**的一个假设。
- 3. 主句过去+从句现在: 主句表示对**过去事实的虚拟**，从句表示对**现在事实的虚拟**。





# 主句现在+从句过去

- **Story telling:** Thoms, CEO of an international company, drove out with his wife one day. When they stopped at a gas station for some gas halfway, Thoms went to buy some drinks, leaving his wife in the car along. As he was returning to the car, he noticed that the attendant and his wife were engaged in an animated conversation. As they drove out, he asked his wife if she knew the man. She





# 主句现在+从句过去

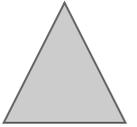
- If you **had married** him, you **would be** the wife of a gas station attendant instead of the wife of a chief executive officer.
- If I **had married** him, he **would be** the chief executive officer and you would be the gas station attendant.
- **翻译**: 如果我没学过英语, 我现在就~~不~~能在这儿教你们语法了。





# 主句过去+从句现在

- D: Do you love your wife, John?
- J: 如果我不爱她，我就不会娶她。
- D: Have you ever told her so?
- J: Haven't I given her everything I could? What more can a man do?
- D: Talk to her.
- J: I am not a talking man. She knows that.





# Practice

- 1. If Paul had received six more votes in the last election, he ( ) our chairman now.
- A. must have been    B. would have been
- C. were    D. would be
- 2. 如果你真的理解我的话，你当时就不可能说出那种话了。





# Homework

- **1. Test 14:** C B B B B    A D C A  
A    A C B C D    A A C A B    C B  
D A C
- **Test 15:** B D D C D    B D D A A  
A D D A A    D D D C D    A C B A  
C
- 2. review subjunctive mood in your textbook from page 236 to page 251.
- 3. Exercise book P137-168





# Review

- 1. George would certainly have attended the proceedings ( ).
  - A. if he hadn't had a flat tire
  - B. had the tire no flattened itself
  - C. if the flat tire hadn't happened
  - D. if he didn't get a flat tire
- 2. Nelson ( ) the fight, with a little more training and a better manager.
  - A. would win
  - B. had won
  - C. could have won
  - D. won





# Review

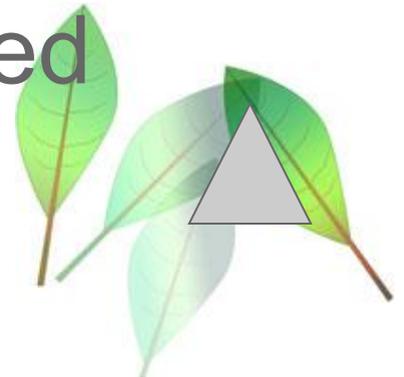
- 3. If I ( ) my own clothes, I ( ) a lot of money.  
A. had made/would save  
B. could make/would save  
C. can make/would save  
D. could make/will save
- 4. Any man in his position ( ) like that.  
A. has done      B. would have done  
C. does            D. would be done





# Review

- 5. The boy would have died, ( ) on him without delay.
  - A. if the doctor didn't operate
  - B. if the doctor wouldn't operate
  - C. would the doctor not operate
  - D. had the doctor not operated





# 倒装虚拟

- **倒装虚拟**: 由if引导的条件句省去if时, 可将 **should, had, were** 置于句首, 其意思不变。
- 1. **Should** I win the lottery, I **would** buy a car.
- 2. **Were he to** leave today, he **would get** there by Monday.
- 3. **Had such a disaster** occurred, the damage **would have been** incalculable.





# Practice

- 1. Countless divorced politician would have been elected out of office years ago had they even thought of a divorce, let along ( ) one.  
• A. getting B. to get C. gotten D. get
- 2. ( ) to the doctor right away, he might be alive today.  
• A. If he went B. Had he gone  
• C. Were he D. Should he





# 跳层虚拟

- **Riddle:** Rebecca was in a taxi on her way home. Max, the driver, knew she was a well-know chatterbox and didn't want to engage in conversation with her. So he pretended to be deaf and dumb. He pointed to his ears and mouth to indicate that he couldn't speak. The journey was peacefully silent. When they arrived, she got out of the taxi and walked off. But she suddenly realized





# 跳层虚拟

- He **must have heard** her initial instruction or he **would not have known** where to take her.
- 1. 陈述句+or+虚拟主句
- 2. 虚拟主句+but+陈述句



# 陈述句+or/or else/otherwise+虚拟 主句

- 一般现在时谓语+ **or +would do**
- 一般过去时谓语+ **or + would have done**
- 1. We **don't know** his telephone number, **otherwise** we would telephone him
- 2. He **must have had** an accident, **or** he **would have been** here then.
- 3. Marry **couldn't have received** my letter, **or else** she would have replied





# 虚拟主句+but+陈述句

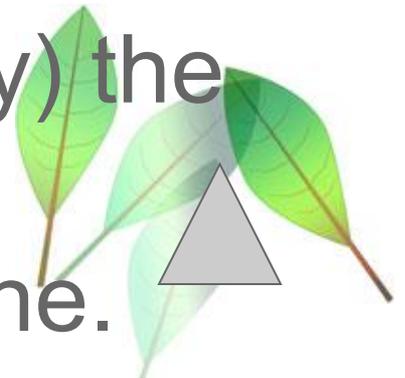
- **Would do + but + 一般现在时谓语**
- **Would have done + but + 一般过去时谓语**
- 1. He **would** put on weight, but he **doesn't** eat much.
- 2. A: I thought you were going to call me last night about the train schedule.
- B: Sorry. **I would have**, But Harry **stopped by and stayed** past midnight .





# Practice

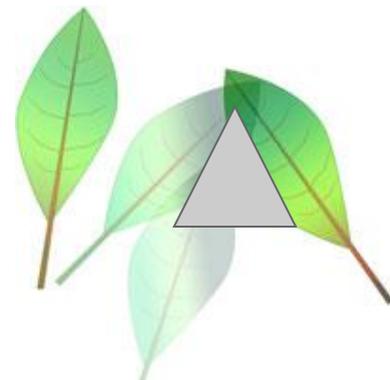
- 1. I have to call my teacher, otherwise she ( give) me a low score.
- 2. Some women ( make ) a good salary in job instead of staying home, but they decided not to work for the sake of the family.
- 3. A safety analysis ( identify) the target as a potential danger. Unfortunately, it was never done.





# 名词从句虚拟

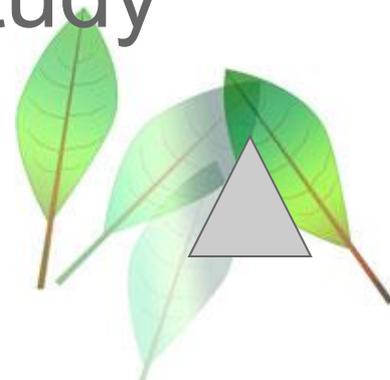
- **特定名词从句**: 特定的标志词表示愿望、建议、命令、请求、意志等语气。
- 从句谓语动词: **(should )+ 动词原形**
- 1. **宾语从句**
- 2. **it is** + 形容词、过去分词、特定名词 + **that** 的主语从句中
- 3. **表语从句和同位语从句**





# 宾语从句

- Ask (请求/要求), advise, beg, command, demand, decide, deserve, desire, determine, insist, move(动议, 提议), order, prefer, propose, require, recommend, request, urge 等。
- E.g. His father **urged** that he study medicine.





# It is句型

- **It is + adj / -ed / noun + that clause**
- 1. Adj (表示个人对事件的反应):  
astonishing, sorry, advisable,  
appropriate, desirable, normal, keen,  
strange, natural, urgent, unusual,  
normal 等.
- Eg. It is strange that he **should not come** here.





# It is 句型

2. 过去分词: decided, required, demanded, ordered, desired, recommended, requested等

It is requested that all numbers **be** present at the meeting.

3. 特定名词: decision, request, demand, order 等

It is my **proposal** that he be sent study abroad.





# 表语、同位语从句

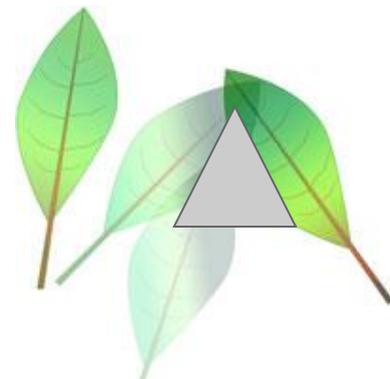
- 上述名词(decision, request, demand, order 等)的表语和同位语从句
- E.g. The **suggestion** that the mayor **present** the prize was accepted by everyone.
- **Correction**: For my own part, it seems that the main requirement of an international language is that it is easily





# 各种虚拟句型

- 1. Wish后的宾语从句
- 2. if only感叹句
- 3. as if/as though 引导的从句
- 4. it is (high) time (that)从句
- 5. would rather 等从句
- Practice





# Wish后的宾语从句

- 1. 现在： 谓语did / were, 对现状的愿望
- E.g 我希望我能够年轻一点。
- 2. 过去： 谓语had done /would(could)have done 对过去发生事情的遗憾和后悔
- E.g 我希望我没像那样伤害玛丽的感情。
- 3. 将来： 谓语 would/could do 对将来的祝愿
- 我希望他能解释一下他是什么意思





# If only感叹句

- 用法基本上与**wish**相同, 比**wish**感情色彩更强
- 现在: 我个子要是能高一点就好了。
- 过去: 他要是听从你的建议就好了。
- 将来: 但愿雨能停。
- If I'd only remembered to lock the door
- **Q: What does it mean?**
- **Note:** **only**可放在句中的位置



# As if/ as though

- 1. 与**现在**事实相反或对现在情况怀疑, 谓语过去时
- I really don't care for the way you're speaking to me. It seems as if you **were** my father.
- 2. 与**过去**事实相反, 谓语用过去完成时
- We have not seen each other for ten solid years. But when we encountered on the street, we were so affectionate as if not a single day **had gone** by.



# As if/ as though

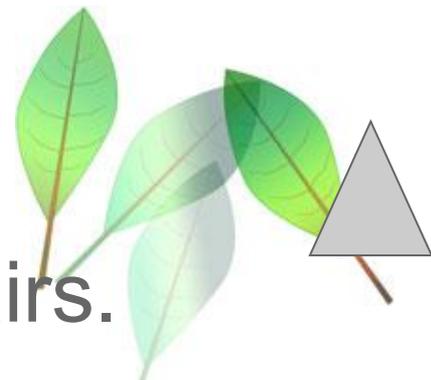
- It is becoming dark. It looks as if it ( rain).
- **Note:** 若从句中的情形是根据现在的迹象作出的推测，有可能发生，则用陈述语气。
- 翻译：他好像去过美国
- It seems as if he has been to America.





# It is (high) time that

- 表示该是干什么事的时候了，含有“晚了一点”的意思，从句用过去时
- **E.g.** 1. 不要再浪费青春了，你该考虑自己的将来了。
- 2. A: The school had football field redone in summer
- B: It's about the time
- Q: what does B imply?
- A. Summer is a good time for repairs.
- B. The field has been in poor shape





# Would rather

- 主语宁愿自己做事
- 1. **would rather do sth**: 表现在或将来
- E.g. He **would rather** stay at home **than** go to the cinema tonight.
- 2. **would rather have done sth**: 过去虚拟
- I took Sally to the cinema last night, but I **would rather have been** there along.





# Would rather sb

- 主语宁愿 让另一人做某事
- 1. would rather sb did: 表现在或将来的虚拟
- Don't come tomorrow. I would rather you **came** next weekend.
- 2. would rather sb had done: 过去的虚拟
- My father gave me a set of the World Book Encyclopedia, but I **would rather**





# Practice

- 1. Sometime I wish I ( ) in a different time and a different place.
  - A. be living      B. were living
  - C. would live      D. would have lived
- 2. Look at the terrible situation I am in!  
If only I ( ) your advice.
  - A. follow      B. had followed
  - C. would follow      D. have followed



# Practice

- 3. It seems to be high time that this argument ( ) put to an end.
- A. must be    B. is    C. were    D. should be
- 4. You don't have to be in such a hurry. I would rather you ( ) on business first.
- A. would go    B. will go
- C. went    D. have gone



# Practice

- 5. Wouldn't you rather your child ( ) to bed early?  
• A. go      B. went      C. would go      D. goes
- 6. Sometimes I have thought it would be an excellent rule to live each day as if we ( ) tomorrow.  
• A. should die      B. are to die  
• C. were dying      D. must die





# Practice

- 7. Your math instructor would have been happy to give you a makeup examination had you gone and explained that your parents had been ill at the time





# Homework

- 1. review subjunctive mood in your textbook from page 236 to page 251.
- 2. Exercise book P137-168



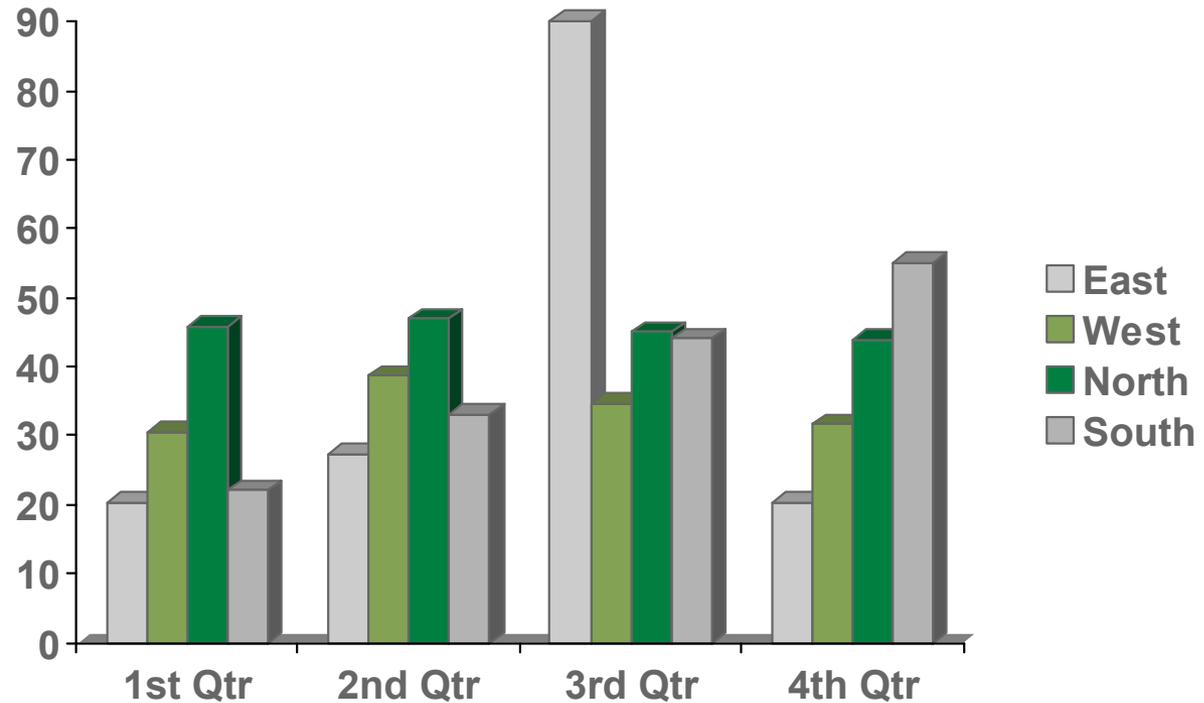


# Example of a Bullet Point Slide

- Bullet Point
- Bullet Point
  - Sub Bullet



# Example of a chart





# Picture slide

- Bullet 1
- Bullet 1



# Examples of default styles

- Text and lines are like this
- Hyperlinks like this
- Visited hyperlinks like this

Table	

